

126th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2013

Legislative Document

No. 1200

H.P. 844

House of Representatives, March 26, 2013

An Act To Impose a Duty To Warn and Protect on Mental Health Professionals

Reference to the Committee on Labor, Commerce, Research and Economic Development suggested and ordered printed.

Millicent M. Mac Jailand

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

Presented by Representative EVANGELOS of Friendship. Cosponsored by Senator PATRICK of Oxford and Representatives: DORNEY of Norridgewock, FREDETTE of Newport, MARKS of Pittston, PRINGLE of Windham, SHORT of Pittsfield, STUCKEY of Portland, VOLK of Scarborough, WELSH of Rockport.

1	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 32 MRSA §3300-D is enacted to read:
3	§3300-D. Duty to warn and protect
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	 Duty. A physician licensed under this chapter has a duty to warn of or to take reasonable precautions to provide protection from a patient's violent behavior if the physician has a reasonable belief based on communications with the patient that the patient is likely to engage in physical violence that poses a serious risk of harm to self or others or that constitutes a serious threat of substantial damage to real property. The duty imposed under this subsection may not be interpreted to require the physician to take any action that in the reasonable professional judgment of the physician would endanger the physician or increase the threat of danger to a potential victim. Discharge of duty. A physician subject to a duty to warn or provide protection under subsection 1 may discharge that duty if the physician makes reasonable efforts to communicate the threat to a potential victim, notifies a law enforcement agency or seeks involuntary hospitalization of the patient under Title 34-B, chapter 3, subchapter 4, article
16 17 18 19 20	 <u>3.</u> <u>3.</u> <u>3.</u> <u>3.</u> <u>3.</u> <u>3.</u> <u>3.</u> <u>3.</u> <u>3.</u>
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	1. Duty. A licensee under this chapter has a duty to warn of or to take reasonable precautions to provide protection from a patient's violent behavior if the licensee has a reasonable belief based on communications with the patient that the patient is likely to engage in physical violence that poses a serious risk of harm to self or others or that constitutes a serious threat of substantial damage to real property. The duty imposed under this subsection may not be interpreted to require the licensee to take any action that in the reasonable professional judgment of the licensee would endanger the licensee or increase the threat of danger to a potential victim.
29 30 31 32 33	2. Discharge of duty. A licensee subject to a duty to warn or provide protection under subsection 1 may discharge that duty if the licensee makes reasonable efforts to communicate the threat to a potential victim, notifies a law enforcement agency or seeks involuntary hospitalization of the patient under Title 34-B, chapter 3, subchapter 4, article <u>3.</u>
34 35 36	3. Immunity. The decision of a licensee to take or not to take an action authorized under this section may not be the basis for any civil or criminal liability of the licensee. Sec. 3. 32 MRSA §6207-B is enacted to read:

1 §6207-B. Duty to warn and protect

2 1. Duty. A certified alcohol and drug counselor or a licensed alcohol and drug 3 counselor has a duty to warn of or to take reasonable precautions to provide protection 4 from a client's violent behavior if the counselor has a reasonable belief based on 5 communications with the client that the client is likely to engage in physical violence that 6 poses a serious risk of harm to self or others or that constitutes a serious threat of 7 substantial damage to real property. The duty imposed under this subsection may not be 8 interpreted to require the counselor to take any action that in the reasonable professional 9 judgment of the counselor would endanger the counselor or increase the threat of danger 10 to a potential victim.

11 2. Discharge of duty. A certified alcohol and drug counselor or a licensed alcohol 12 and drug counselor subject to a duty to warn or provide protection under subsection 1 13 may discharge that duty if the counselor makes reasonable efforts to communicate the 14 threat to a potential victim, notifies a law enforcement agency or seeks involuntary 15 hospitalization of the client under Title 34-B, chapter 3, subchapter 4, article 3.

3. Immunity. The decision of a certified alcohol and drug counselor or a licensed
 alcohol and drug counselor to take or not to take an action authorized under this section
 may not be the basis for any civil or criminal liability of the counselor.

19 Sec. 4. 32 MRSA §7006 is enacted to read:

20 §7006. Duty to warn and protect

21 **1.** Duty. A licensee under this chapter has a duty to warn of or to take reasonable 22 precautions to provide protection from a client's violent behavior if the licensee has a 23 reasonable belief based on communications with the client that the client is likely to 24 engage in physical violence that poses a serious risk of harm to self or others or that 25 constitutes a serious threat of substantial damage to real property. The duty imposed 26 under this subsection may not be interpreted to require the licensee to take any action that 27 in the reasonable professional judgment of the licensee would endanger the licensee or 28 increase the threat of danger to a potential victim.

29 2. Discharge of duty. A licensee subject to a duty to warn or provide protection
 30 under subsection 1 may discharge that duty if the licensee makes reasonable efforts to
 31 communicate the threat to a potential victim, notifies a law enforcement agency or seeks
 32 involuntary hospitalization of the client under Title 34-B, chapter 3, subchapter 4, article
 33 3.

- 34 3. Immunity. The decision of a licensee to take or not to take an action authorized
 35 under this section may not be the basis for any civil or criminal liability of the licensee.
- 36 Sec. 5. 32 MRSA §13866 is enacted to read:

37 §13866. Duty to warn and protect

38 <u>1. Duty.</u> A licensee under this chapter has a duty to warn of or to take reasonable
 39 precautions to provide protection from a client's violent behavior if the licensee has a

reasonable belief based on communications with the client that the client is likely to engage in physical violence that poses a serious risk of harm to self or others or that constitutes a serious threat of substantial damage to real property. The duty imposed under this subsection may not be interpreted to require the licensee to take any action that in the reasonable professional judgment of the licensee would endanger the licensee or increase the threat of danger to a potential victim.

Discharge of duty. A licensee subject to a duty to warn or provide protection
 under subsection 1 may discharge that duty if the licensee makes reasonable efforts to
 communicate the threat to a potential victim, notifies a law enforcement agency or seeks
 involuntary hospitalization of the client under Title 34-B, chapter 3, subchapter 4, article
 3.

3. Immunity. The decision of a licensee to take or not to take an action authorized
 under this section may not be the basis for any civil or criminal liability of the licensee.

14 SUMMARY
15 This bill imposes on certain mental health professionals a duty to warn and protect if
16 a patient or client is likely to engage in physical violence that poses a serious risk of harm
17 to self or others or that constitutes a serious threat of substantial damage to real property.
18 The duty to warn and protect applies to physicians, psychologists, alcohol and drug
19 counselors, social workers and counseling professionals.