1	L.D. 1040
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3	JUDICIARY
4	Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Secretary of the Senate.
5	STATE OF MAINE
6	SENATE
7	126TH LEGISLATURE
8	FIRST REGULAR SESSION
9 10 11	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "" to S.P. 354, L.D. 1040, Bill, "An Act To Prohibit the Placement of Cameras and Electronic Surveillance Equipment on Private Property without the Written Permission of the Landowner"
12 13	Amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting clause and before the summary and inserting the following:
14	'Sec. 1. 33 MRSA c. 43 is enacted to read:
15	<u>CHAPTER 43</u>
16	PLACEMENT OF EQUIPMENT ON PRIVATE PROPERTY
17 18	<u>§2001. Placement of cameras and electronic surveillance equipment on private</u> <u>property</u>
19 20 21	1. Prohibition. A person may not place a camera or electronic surveillance equipment that records images or data of any kind while unattended outside on the private property of another without the written consent of the landowner except:
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	A. Pursuant to a warrant; or
23 24 25 26	B. That, while operating within the open fields doctrine, a law enforcement officer may place a camera or electronic surveillance equipment if the law enforcement officer has a reasonable and articulable suspicion that the following has occurred, is occurring or is about to occur:
24 25	B. That, while operating within the open fields doctrine, a law enforcement officer may place a camera or electronic surveillance equipment if the law enforcement officer has a reasonable and articulable suspicion that the following has occurred, is
24 25 26	B. That, while operating within the open fields doctrine, a law enforcement officer may place a camera or electronic surveillance equipment if the law enforcement officer has a reasonable and articulable suspicion that the following has occurred, is occurring or is about to occur:

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1 2 3 4 5	2. Labeling. A person who places a camera or electronic surveillance equipment described in subsection 1 on the private property of another with the written consent of the landowner or in compliance with subsection 1, paragraph A or B shall label the camera or electronic surveillance equipment with that person's name and contact information.
6 7 8	3. Remove or disable. A landowner may remove or disable a camera or electronic surveillance equipment placed on the landowner's private property in violation of this section.
9	4. Exceptions. This section does not prohibit the following:
10 11	A. The use of a camera to deter theft or vandalism of a motor vehicle when the motor vehicle is temporarily parked; or
12 13	B. The use of implanted or attached electronic devices to identify, monitor and track animals.
14 15	5. Penalty. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not more than \$500 may be adjudged.'
16	SUMMARY
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	This amendment is the majority report of the Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary. It allows the placement of a camera or electronic surveillance equipment on the private property of another person only if the landowner has given written consent, the placement is pursuant to a warrant or, while operating under the open fields doctrine as developed through Fourth Amendment case law, a law enforcement officer has a reasonable and articulable suspicion that a crime or a civil violation related to littering has occurred, is
24 25 26 27 28 29	occurring or is about to occur. When a camera or electronic surveillance equipment is placed based on a reasonable and articulable suspicion, the law enforcement officer must document the facts giving rise to the reasonable and articulable suspicion as well as the time, date and location of the placement of the camera or electronic surveillance equipment. It requires that a person who places a camera or electronic surveillance equipment must label the camera or electronic surveillance equipment with the person's name and contact information.
25 26 27 28	occurring or is about to occur. When a camera or electronic surveillance equipment is placed based on a reasonable and articulable suspicion, the law enforcement officer must document the facts giving rise to the reasonable and articulable suspicion as well as the time, date and location of the placement of the camera or electronic surveillance equipment. It requires that a person who places a camera or electronic surveillance equipment must label the camera or electronic surveillance equipment with the person's
25 26 27 28 29 30 31	occurring or is about to occur. When a camera or electronic surveillance equipment is placed based on a reasonable and articulable suspicion, the law enforcement officer must document the facts giving rise to the reasonable and articulable suspicion as well as the time, date and location of the placement of the camera or electronic surveillance equipment. It requires that a person who places a camera or electronic surveillance equipment must label the camera or electronic surveillance equipment with the person's name and contact information. The landowner may remove or disable a camera or electronic surveillance equipment that was placed without written consent, without a warrant or without a documented

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 FISCAL NOTE REQUIRED

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 (See attached)

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